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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/064,244	06/25/2002	Jeffrey Lee Thompson	24-NS-06054	8427
23465	7590 09/15/2004		EXAMINER	
JOHN S. BEULICK			BOCHNA, DAVID	
	FRONG TEASDALE, LLP OPOLITAN SQUARE		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
SUITE 2600			3679	
ST LOUIS, MO 63102-2740			DATE MAILED: 09/15/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/064,244	THOMPSON, JEFFR	REY LEE				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	David E. Bochna	3679					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addr	ess				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this comr D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.				
Status			1				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 Ju	ine 2004.						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the n	nerits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.						
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 12-20</u> is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>7-11</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	') Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO	-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National St	tage				
Attachment(s)	" 	(DTO 440)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date			52)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 7-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Japanese Patent 0013259 in view of Chaix et al.

In regard to claim 7, Japanese Patent '259 discloses a coupling spring for coupling a first pipe section flange 2 to a second pipe section flange (see fig. 6), each flange comprising a notch (notch in 2 accepting 9), the spring ring comprising:

a body 8 having a first surface and an opposing second surface, the body comprising a main bore and a plurality of bolt bores (holes for 5) extending therethrough from the first surface through the opposing second surface, the main bore configured to receive a pipe section 1 therethrough, the bolt bore configured to receive a fastener 5 therethrough;

a plurality of pivot bearings 9 (see fig. 11, 12) extending from the first surface, each pivot bearing 9 configured to engage one notch in the flange. It is unclear if there is more than one notch in the flange, however if there is only one notch it would have been obvious to have a separate notch for each pivot bearing 9 because duplicating the components of a prior art device is a design consideration within the skill of the art. In re Harza, 274 F.2d 669, 124 USPQ 378 (CCPA 1960).

Japanese Patent '259 also discloses axially stressing the bolts 5 in order to hold the coupling together, but Japanese Patent '259 does not disclose using a plurality of bolt bore seats coaxially aligned with the bolt bores. Chaix et al. teaches providing a plurality of bolt bore seats 56, 58 coaxially aligned with bolt bores in order to center the bolts within the hole allowing only an axial load to be placed on the bolts, thereby eliminating a chance of bending (see col. 3, lines 25-30). Therefore it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the bores of Japanese Patent '259 to include bore seats, as taught by Chaix et al., so that the bolts are only axially stressed, thereby reducing the chance of bending.

In regard to claim 8, the spring ring 8 is substantially cylindrical.

In regard to claim 9, the plurality of pivot bearings 9 are equally spaced circumferentially around the spring ring first surface.

In regard to claim 10, the plurality of bolt bore seats 56, 58 are substantially spherical.

In regard to claim 11, further comprising a bolt 46 (of Chaix et al.) extending through each bolt bore, each bolt comprising at least one spherical bearing (bottom of 48) sized to mate with a bolt bore seat 56.

Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 1-6 and 12-20 are allowed.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 6/9/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that it would not have been obvious to combine the bolt bore seats of Chaix et al. with Japanese Patent 13,259 because turning of the claw section in the Japanese

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Patent relieves bending stresses in the valve cover, and therefore it is not necessary to have bolt bore seats to reduce bending stresses. The examiner disagrees. The bending stresses being reduced in '259 are that of the valve cover, not the bolts. Chaix et al. teaches providing bolt bores 56, 58 to reduce bending stresses in the bolts and allow only a purely axial force to be applied during tightening (see col. 3, lines 25-30). Bending stresses in the bolt would not be relieved by the protrusion 9 in Japanese Patent 13,259. Therefore the rejection has been maintained.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David Bochna whose telephone number is (703) 306-9040. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-5:30 Monday-Thursday and every other Friday.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel P. Stodola can be reached on (703) 308-2686. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-2168.

David Bochna
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 3679
September 13, 2004